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ProductInformation

Anti-phospho-MEK 1 [pThr^{386}]
Developed in Rabbit, Affinity Isolated Antibody

Product Number **M 2443**

Product Description
Anti-phospho-MEK 1 (MAP/Erk kinase-1, MAP2K1) [pThr^{386}] was developed in rabbit using a synthetic phosphopeptide derived from the region of MEK 1 that contains threonine 386 as immunogen. The serum is affinity purified using sequential epitope-specific affinity chromatography. The antibody is preadsorbed to remove any reactivity towards the non-tyrosine phosphorylated MEK 1 protein. Anti-phospho-MEK 1 [pThr^{386}] specifically recognizes MEK 1 phosphorylated at threonine 386.

Anti-phospho-MEK 1 [pThr^{386}] recognizes human, mouse and rat MEK 1. MEK 2 has not been tested. Anti-phospho-MEK 1 [pThr^{386}] has been used in immunoblotting applications.

Mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinases, also known as extracellular signal-regulated kinases (ERKs), act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals because they are activated by a wide variety of extracellular signals, are rapidly phosphorylated on threonine and tyrosine residues, and are highly conserved in evolution. A critical protein kinase lies upstream of MAP kinase and stimulates the enzymatic activity of MAP kinase. A mouse cDNA, denoted as Mek1 (for Map/Erk kinase-1), is a 393-amino acid, 43.5-kD protein most closely related in size and sequence to the product encoded by the byr1 gene of *S. pombe*. Mek1 protein expressed in bacteria phosphorylates the Erk gene product *in vitro*. The Mek1 gene is highly expressed in murine brain.[1] A human cDNA corresponding to MEK 1 was cloned in 1995 and shares 99% amino acid identity with murine MEK 1 and 80% homology with human MEK 2. Inhibition of MEK 1 blocks p53-induced NF-kappa-B activation and apoptosis but not cell cycle arrest.[2] Constitutive activation of MEK1 results in cellular transformation. This protein kinase therefore represents a likely target for pharmacological intervention in proliferative disease, specifically in colon cancer.[3]

MEK1&2 are also activated by dual-phosphorylation, which occurs on serines 218 and 222, in the activation loop of the MEKs. Serine 298 of MEK 1 is phosphorylated by PAK1, which promotes MEK 1 binding to c-Raf and its subsequent phosphorylation of MEK 1, leading to activation. Threonine 386 of MEK1 is phosphorylated by ERK2, which serves as a negative feedback loop by suppressing activation of MEK1.[4-6]

Reagent
Anti-phospho-MEK 1 (pThr^{386}) is supplied as a solution in Dulbecco's phosphate buffered saline (without Mg^{2+} and Ca^{2+}), pH 7.3, with 1.0 mg/ml BSA (IgG and protease free) and 0.05% sodium azide.

Precautions and Disclaimer
Due to the sodium azide content, a material safety data sheet (MSDS) for this product has been sent to the attention of the safety officer of your institution. Consult the MSDS for information regarding hazardous and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability
Store at –70°C. For extended storage, upon initial thawing, freeze in working aliquots. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing to prevent denaturing the antibody. Working dilution samples should be discarded if not used within 12 hours. The antibody is stable for at least 6 months when stored appropriately.

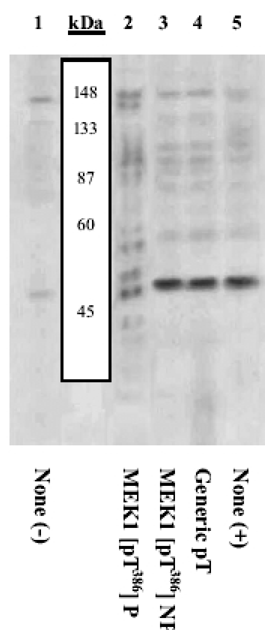
Product Profile
A recommended working concentration of 0.1-1.0 μg/ml is determined by immunoblotting using extracts prepared from NIH3T3 cells treated with PDGF. Other cell lines used were A431 cells stimulated with EGF, and PC12 cells stimulated with NGF.

Note: In order to obtain best results in different techniques and preparations we recommend determining optimal working concentration by titration test.

Results
Peptide Competition

1. Extracts from NIH3T3 cells were left untreated (Lane 1) or treated with PDGF (Lane 2-5)

2. After the treatment extracts were pre-incubated with different peptides, as follows:
   Lane 1 – untreated, no peptide
   Lane 2 – the immunogen MEK 1 [pThr^{386}]
   Lane 3 – non-phosphorylated MEK 1
   Lane 4 – generic threonine phosphorylated MEK 1
   Lane 5 – treated, no peptide
3. The extracts were resolved by SDS-PAGE on a 10% Tris-glycine gel and transferred to PVDF. Membranes were blocked with a 5% BSA-TBST buffer overnight at 4 °C
4. All lanes were incubated with 0.50 μg/mL MEK1 [pThr^{386}] antibody for two hours at room temperature.
5. After washing, membranes were incubated with goat $F(ab')_2$ anti-rabbit IgG alkaline phosphatase.
6. Signals were detected using the Tropix WesternStarÆË method.
7. The data show that only the peptide corresponding to MEK1 [pThr^{386}] blocks the antibody signal, but the corresponding non-phosphopeptide does not, thereby demonstrating the specificity of the antibody.
8. The data also show the induction of the MEK 1 [pThr^{386}] phospho signal upon stimulation with PDGF (compare lanes 1 and 5).



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