User Guide

# MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel

96-Well Plate Assay

MMHE-44K

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MMHE-44K Rev 11/21

### Introduction

Metabolic syndrome is a cluster of conditions that occur together; it includes increased blood pressure, elevated insulin levels, excess body fat around the waist and abnormal cholesterol levels. Key features of metabolic syndrome include insulin resistance, glucose intolerance, hypertension, dyslipidemia and central obesity- all of which are risk factors for atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, type 2 diabetes, kidney disease, and even premature death. Adults with metabolic syndrome show a low-grade inflammation, whose link with obesity may be dysregulated adipocyte production of pro- and anti-inflammatory factors. Consequently, research done in this area covers multi-faceted fields of cytokines, acute phase proteins, diabetes, and obesity related hormones, as well as other cardiovascular disease biomarkers.

The MILLIPLEX® portfolio offers the broadest selection of analytes across a wide range of disease states and species. Once the analytes of interest have been identified, you can rely on the quality that we build into each kit to produce results you can trust. In addition to the assay characteristics listed in the protocol, other performance criteria evaluated during the verification process include: cross-reactivity, dilution linearity, kit stability, and sample behavior (for example, detectability and stability).

Each MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> panel and kit includes:

- Quality controls (QCs) provided to qualify assay performance
- Comparison of standard (calibrator) and QC lots to a reference lot to ensure lot-to-lot consistency
- Optimized serum matrix to mimic native analyte environment
- Detection antibody cocktails designed to yield consistent analyte profiles within panel

In addition, each panel and kit meets stringent manufacturing criteria to ensure batch-to-batch reproducibility. The MILLIPLEX® Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel thus enables you to focus on the therapeutic potential of metabolic hormones. Coupled with the Luminex® xMAP® platform in a magnetic bead format, you receive the advantage of ideal speed and sensitivity, allowing quantitative multiplex detection of dozens of analytes simultaneously, which can dramatically improve productivity.

The MILLIPLEX® Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel is part of the most versatile system available for metabolic hormone research. From our single to multiplex biomarker solutions, we partner with you to design, develop, analytically verify and build the most comprehensive library available for protein detection and quantitation.

MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> products offer you:

- The ability to choose any combination of analytes from our panel of 15 analytes to design a custom kit that better meets your needs.
- A convenient "all-in-one" box format that gives you the assurance that you will have all the necessary reagents you need to run your assay.

The MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expansion Panel is a 15-plex kit to be used for the simultaneous quantification of any or all of the following analytes in tissue/lysate and culture supernatant samples and mouse serum or plasma: Amylin (active), C-Peptide 2, Ghrelin (active), GIP (total), GLP-1 (active) or GLP-1 (total), Glucagon, IL-6, Insulin, Leptin, MCP-1/CCL2, Pancreatic Polypeptide (PP), Peptide YY (PYY), Resistin, Secretin, and TNFa.

# \*Note: GLP-1 (active) and GLP-1 (total) cannot be run together in the same assay.

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. Please read entire protocol before use. It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.

### Principle

MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> products are based on the Luminex<sup>®</sup> xMAP<sup>®</sup> technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life-sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded magnetic beads known as MagPlex<sup>®</sup>-C microspheres.

- Luminex<sup>®</sup> products use proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with two fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, distinctly colored bead sets of 500-5.6 μm polystyrene microspheres or 80-6.45 μm magnetic microspheres can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-PE conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- The following Luminex<sup>®</sup> instruments can be used to acquire and analyze data using two detection methods:
  - The Luminex<sup>®</sup> analyzers, Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, and xMAP<sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX, are flow cytometry-based instruments that integrate key xMAP<sup>®</sup> detection components, such as lasers, optics, advanced fluidics and high-speed digital signal processors.
  - The Luminex<sup>®</sup> analyzer (MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>), a CCD-based instrument that integrates key xMAP<sup>®</sup> capture and detection components with the speed and efficiency of magnetic beads.

- Each individual microsphere is identified and the result of its bioassay is quantified based on fluorescent reporter signals. We combine the streamlined data acquisition power of Luminex<sup>®</sup> xPONENT<sup>®</sup> acquisition software with sophisticated analysis capabilities of the new MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Analyst 5.1, integrating data acquisition and analysis seamlessly with all Luminex<sup>®</sup> instruments.
- xMAP<sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX runs on INTELLIFLEX software for instrument control, run setup and generating high quality data with flexible output options. Data can be exported in xPONENT<sup>®</sup> style CSV files for compatibility with many existing analytical applications, or in the new, customizable INTELLIFLEX file format. The INTELLIFLEX file format is intended for flexibility and simplicity, allowing the user to freely select which data points to include and to reduce the time to analysis.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP<sup>®</sup> technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

## Storage Conditions Upon Receipt

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2–8 °C.
- For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at < -20 °C. Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- **DO NOT FREEZE** Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibody, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.

## **Reagents Supplied**

Store all reagents at 2-8 °C

Reagents Supplied	Volume	Quantity	Cat. No.
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Standard	Lyophilized	1 vial	MMHE-8044
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Quality Controls 1 and 2	Lyophilized	1 vial each	MMHE-6044
Serum Matrix***	Lyophilized	1 vial	MMHE-SM
Set of one 96-Well Plate with 2 sealers	-	1 set	-
Assay Buffer	30 mL	1 bottle	LE-ABGLP3
10X Wash Buffer****	60 mL	1 bottle	L-WB
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Detection Antibodies 1*	5.5 mL	1 bottle	MMHE1-1044
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Detection Antibodies 2**	5.5 mL	1 bottle	MMHE2-1044
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	5.5 mL	1 bottle	L-SAPE12
Bead Diluent	3.5 mL	1 bottle	MMHE-BD
Mixing Bottle	-	1 bottle	-

- \*\* For use with HMEGLP1-MAG (GLP-1 (total))
- \*\*\* Contains 0.08% Sodium azide
- \*\*\*\* Contains 0.05% Proclin

Included Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel Antibody-Immobilized Beads are dependent on customizable selection of analytes within the panel.

#### Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads

	Luminex <sup>®</sup> Magnetic Bead		able 15 Analytes entration, 200 µL)
Bead/Analyte Name	Region	Available	Cat. No.
Anti-C-Peptide 2 Beads	12	<	RMCP2-MAG
Anti-Ghrelin (active) Beads	20	<	HGRLN-MAG
Anti-GIP (total) Beads	21	~	HGIP-MAG
Anti-GLP-1 (active) Beads	22	<b>~</b>	ACTGLP1-MAG
Anti-GLP-1 (total) Beads	22	~	HMEGLP1-MAG
Anti-IL-6 Beads	26	<	MIL6-MAG
Anti-Glucagon Beads	33	<b>~</b>	MMGLU-MAG
Anti-Insulin Beads	37	~	RMINS-MAG
Anti-Leptin Beads	38	~	RMLPTN-MAG
Anti-MCP-1/CCL2 Beads	56	~	RMMCP1-MAG
Anti-Secretin Beads	57	×	MMSCT-MAG
Anti-PP Beads	62	~	RMPP-MAG
Anti-PYY Beads	63	~	RMPYY-MAG
Anti-Resistin Beads	64	<b>~</b>	MRES-MAG
Anti-TNFa Beads	65	<b>~</b>	MMTNFA-MAG
Anti-Amylin (active) Beads	78	<b>~</b>	HAMLNA-MAG

### Materials Required (not included)

#### Reagents

MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> Drive Fluid PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50030), xMAP<sup>®</sup> Sheath Fluid PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50021), or xMAP<sup>®</sup> Sheath Concentrate PLUS (Cat. No. 40-50023)

#### Instrumentation/Materials

- Adjustable pipettes with tips capable of delivering 25  $\mu$ L to 1000  $\mu$ L
- Multichannel pipettes capable of delivering 5 μL to 50 μL, or 25 μL to 200 μL
- Reagent reservoirs
- Polypropylene microfuge tubes
- Rubber bands
- Aluminum foil
- Absorbent pads
- Laboratory vortex mixer
- Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model No. B200 or equivalent)
- Titer Plate Shaker (VWR<sup>®</sup> Microplate Shaker Cat. No. 12620-926 or equivalent)
- Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> instrument with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software, or xMAP<sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX instrument with INTELLIFLEX software by Luminex<sup>®</sup> Corporation
- Automatic Plate Washer for magnetic beads (BioTek<sup>®</sup> 405 LS and 405 TS, Cat. No. 40-094, 40-095, 40-096, 40-097 or equivalent) or Handheld Magnetic Separation Block (Cat. No. 40-285 or equivalent).

**Note:** If a plate washer or handheld magnetic separation block for magnetic beads is not available, one can use a microtiter filter plate (Cat. No. MX-PLATE) to run the assay using a vacuum filtration unit (Vacuum Manifold, Cat. No. MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with Vacuum Pump, Cat. No. WP6111560 or equivalent).

### Safety Precautions

- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative. Although the concentrations are low, Sodium azide and Proclin may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Dispose of unused contents and waste in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

### Symbol Definitions

Ingredient	Cat No.	Label	
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB		Warning. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Wear protective gloves. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel Standard	MMHE-8044		<b>Danger.</b> Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Toxic in contact with skin. May cause damage to Brain through prolonged or repeated exposure. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Specific measures (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). Rinse mouth. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel Quality Control 1 & 2	MMHE-6044		<b>Danger.</b> Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Toxic in contact with skin. May cause damage to Brain through prolonged or repeated exposure. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/ spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Specific measures (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). Rinse mouth. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
SAPE	L-SAPE12	(!)	<b>Warning.</b> Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

## **Technical Guidelines**

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25 °C) before use in the assay.
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- The standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation. Discard any unused standards except the standard stock which may be stored at  $\leq$  -20 °C for 1 month and at  $\leq$  -80 °C for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.
- Discard unused portion of mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however, the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with aluminum foil or an opaque lid, and store the plate at 2-8 °C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading, agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7 which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes.

- When reading the assay on the Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup> instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex<sup>®</sup> to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex<sup>®</sup> to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> instrument, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex<sup>®</sup> to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc.
- For the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> instrument, when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150  $\mu L$  Sheath Fluid PLUS in each well and 75  $\mu L$  should be aspirated.
- For the xMAP<sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX instrument, adjust probe height based on the type of plate you are using, place an alignment disk or an alignment sphere in the well according to the protocol recommended by Luminex<sup>®</sup>.
- For cell culture supernatants or tissue extraction, use the culture or extraction medium as the matrix solution in background, standard curve and control wells. If samples are diluted in Assay Buffer, use the Assay Buffer as matrix.
- For cell/tissue homogenate, the final cell or tissue homogenate should be prepared in a buffer that has a neutral pH, contains minimal detergents or strong denaturing detergents, and has an ionic strength close to physiological concentration. Avoid debris, lipids, and cell/tissue aggregates. Centrifuge samples before use.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

## Sample Collection and Storage

#### Preparation of Serum Samples

- After collecting blood samples, invert tube several times to mix, immediately add DPPIV inhibitor (GLP-1 measurement), Protease Inhibitor cocktail (for Amylin measurement), Aprotinin (for Glucagon measurement) and Serine protease inhibitor (for Active Ghrelin measurement). We recommend using DPPIV inhibitor (Cat. No. DPP4), Sigma's Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, and Roche's Pefabloc SC (AEBSF). These should be used following the manufactures' instructions.
- Allow the blood to clot for at least 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C.
- Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- It is recommended to centrifuge samples again at 3000 x g for five minutes prior to assay setup.
- Sample dilution is not required for serum samples.

#### Preparation of Plasma Samples

- Plasma collection using EDTA as an anti-coagulant is recommended.
- After collecting blood, immediately add DPPIV inhibitor for (GLP-1 measurement), Protease Inhibitor cocktail (for Amylin measurement), Aprotinin (for Glucagon measurement) and Serine protease inhibitor (for Active Ghrelin measurement). We recommend using DPPIV inhibitor (Cat. No. DPP4), Sigma's Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, and Roche's Pefabloc SC (AEBSF),
- Invert tube several times to mix. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of blood collection. Remove plasma and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at < -20 °C.</li>
- Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- It is recommended to centrifuge samples again at 3000 x g for five minutes prior to assay setup.
- Sample dilution is not required for plasma samples.

#### Preparation of Tissue Culture Supernatant

- Centrifuge the sample to remove debris and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C.
- Avoid multiple (> 2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- Tissue culture supernatant may require a dilution with an appropriate control medium prior to assay. Tissue/cell extracts should be done in neutral buffers containing reagents and conditions that do not interfere with assay performance. Excess concentrations of detergent, salt, denaturants, high or low pH, etc. will negatively affect the assay. Organic solvents should be avoided. The tissue/cell extract samples should be free of particles such as cells or tissue debris.

#### NOTE:

- A maximum of 10  $\mu L$  per well of neat serum or plasma can be used. Tissue culture or other media may also be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.
- Care must be taken when using heparin as an anti-coagulant since an excess of heparin will provide falsely high values. Use no more than 10 IU heparin per mL of blood collected.

### Preparation of Reagents for Immunoassay

#### Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads

For individual vials of beads, sonicate each antibody-bead vial for 30 seconds; vortex for 1 minute. Add 150  $\mu$ L from each antibody-bead vial to the Mixing Bottle and bring final volume to 3.0 mL with Bead Diluent. Vortex the mixed beads well. Discard unused portion of mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads.

(**Note:** Due to the composition of magnetic beads, you may notice a slight color in the bead solution. This does not affect the performance of the beads or the kit.)

Example 1: When using 15 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150  $\mu L$  from each of the 15 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 0.75 mL Bead Diluent.

Example 2: When using 9 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150  $\mu L$  from each of the 9 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 1.65 mL Bead Diluent.

#### **Preparation of Quality Controls**

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250  $\mu$ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix and vortex. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes, vortex and then transfer the controls to appropriately labeled polypropylene microfuge tubes. Unused portion may be stored at  $\leq$  -20 °C for up to one month.

#### Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 60 mL of 10X Wash Buffer with 540 mL deionized water. Store the unused portion at 2-8 °C for up to one month.

#### **Preparation of Serum Matrix**

#### This step is required for serum or plasma samples only.

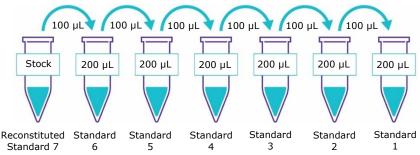
Add 1.0 mL deionized water to the bottle containing lyophilized Serum Matrix. Mix well. Allow at least 10 minutes for complete reconstitution. Leftover reconstituted Serum Matrix should be stored at  $\leq$  -20 °C for up to one month.

#### Preparation of Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Standard

- Prior to use, reconstitute the Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Standard with 250 µL deionized water. Refer to table below for analyte concentrations. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Transfer the reconstituted standard to a polypropylene microfuge tube. This will be used as "Standard 7."
- 2. Preparation of Working Standards Label 6 polypropylene microfuge tubes Standard 1 through Standard 6. Add 200 µL of Assay Buffer to each of the 6 tubes. Prepare serial dilutions by adding 100 µL of the reconstituted standard to the Standard 6 tube, mix well and transfer 100 µL of Standard 6 to the Standard 5 tube, mix well and transfer 100 µL of Standard 5 to the Standard 4 tube, mix well and transfer 100 µL of Standard 4 to the Standard 3 tube, mix well and transfer 100 µL of Standard 3 to the Standard 2 tube, mix well and transfer 100 µL of Standard 2 to the Standard 1 tube and mix well. The 0 pg/mL standard (Background) will be Assay Buffer.

Standard No.	Add Deionized Water (µL)	Add Standard (volume)
Standard 7	250	0
Standard No.	Add Assay Buffer (µL)	Add Standard (volume)
Standard 6	200	100 $\mu L$ of Standard 7
Standard 5	200	100 $\mu L$ of Standard 6
Standard 4	200	100 $\mu L$ of Standard 5
Standard 3	200	100 $\mu L$ of Standard 4
Standard 2	200	100 $\mu L$ of Standard 3
Standard 1	200	100 $\mu L$ of Standard 2





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Standard	TNFa (pg/mL)	GIP (pg/mL)	PP, PYY (pg/mL)	Ghrelin (pg/mL)	Secretin (pg/mL)
Standard 1	1.4	4.8	8.2	10	11
Standard 2	4.1	14	25	31	33
Standard 3	12	43	74	93	99
Standard 4	37	130	222	278	296
Standard 5	111	389	667	833	889
Standard 6	333	1,167	2,000	2,500	2,667
Standard 7	1,000	3,500	6,000	7,500	8,000

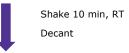
Standard	Glucagon (pg/mL)	IL-6 (pg/mL)	GLP-1 (pg/mL)	Amylin, MCP-1/CCL2 (pg/mL)	C-Peptide 2, Leptin (pg/mL)
Standard 1	14	34	41	55	82
Standard 2	41	103	124	165	247
Standard 3	124	309	370	494	741
Standard 4	370	926	1,111	1,482	2,222
Standard 5	1,111	2,778	3,333	4,444	6,667
Standard 6	3,333	8,333	10,000	13,333	20,000
Standard 7	10,000	25,000	30,000	40,000	60,000

Standard	Insulin (pg/mL)	Resistin (pg/mL)
Standard 1	137	206
Standard 2	412	617
Standard 3	1,235	1,852
Standard 4	3,704	5,556
Standard 5	11,111	16,667
Standard 6	33,333	50,000
Standard 7	100,000	150,000

### Immunoassay Procedure

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25 °C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Standards [0 (Background), Standard 1 through 7, Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration.
  (Note: Most instruments will only read the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the assay in duplicate.
- If using a filter plate, set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.
- 1. Add 200  $\mu$ L of Assay Buffer into each well of the plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25 °C).
- Decant Assay Buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.
- Add 10 µL of appropriate matrix solution to the background, standards, and control wells. When assaying serum or plasma, use the Serum Matrix provided in the kit. When assaying tissue culture or other supernatant, use proper control culture medium as the matrix solution.
- Add 10 µL of Assay Buffer to the sample wells.
- Add 10 µL of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells. Assay Buffer should be used for 0 pg/mL standard (Background).
- Add 10 μL of neat Sample into the appropriate wells.
- Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25 µL of the Mixed or Premixed Beads to each well. (Note: During addition of Beads, shake bead bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)
- Seal the plate with a plate sealer. Wrap the plate with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker overnight (16-18 hours) at 2-8 °C.

Add 200 µL Assay Buffer per well

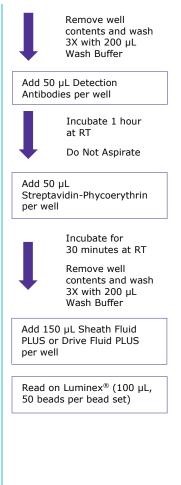


- Add 10 µL appropriate matrix solution to background, standards, and control wells
- Add 10 µL Assay Buffer to background and sample wells
- Add 10 µL Standard or Control to appropriate wells
- Add 10 µL neat Samples to sample wells
- Add 25 µL Beads to each well

Incubate overnight (16-18 hours) at 2-8 °C

- Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the Plate Washing section.
- Add 50 μL of Detection Antibodies into each well.
  (Note: Allow the Detection Antibodies to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)
- Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 1 hour at room temperature (20-25 °C). DO NOT ASPIRATE AFTER INCUBATION.
- 12. Add 50  $\mu$ L Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well containing the 50  $\mu$ L of Detection Antibodies.
- Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25 °C).
- Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the Plate Washing section.
- Add 150 µL of Sheath Fluid PLUS (or Drive Fluid PLUS if using MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>) to all wells. Resuspend the beads on a plate shaker for 5 minutes.
- Run plate on Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> instrument with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software or xMAP<sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX instrument with INTELLIFLEX software.
- Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method for calculating analyte concentrations in samples.

(**Note:** No sample dilution is required for this assay. If samples were diluted, final sample concentrations should be multiplied by the dilution factor.)



## Plate Washing

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

#### Solid Plate

- Handheld magnet (Cat. No. 40-285) Rest plate on magnet for 60 seconds to allow complete settling of magnetic beads. Remove well contents by gently decanting the plate in an appropriate waste receptacle and gently tapping on absorbent pads to remove residual liquid. Wash plate with 200 µL of Wash Buffer by removing plate from magnet, adding Wash Buffer, shaking for 30 seconds, reattaching to magnet, letting beads settle for 60 seconds and removing well contents as previously described after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in Assay Procedure.
- Magnetic plate washer (Cat. No. 40-094, 40-095, 40-096 and 40-097) Please refer to specific automatic plate washer manual for appropriate equipment settings. Please note that after the final aspiration, there will be approximately 25  $\mu L$  of residual wash buffer in each well. This is expected when using the BioTek® plate washer and this volume does not need to be aspirated from the plate.

If using an automatic plate washer other than  $BioTek^{\otimes}$  405 LS or 405 TS, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for programming instructions.

#### Filter Plate (Cat. No. MX-PLATE)

If using a filter plate, use a vacuum filtration manifold to remove well contents. Wash plate with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in the Assay Procedure.

### **Equipment Settings**

Luminex<sup>®</sup> 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> instruments with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software and xMAP<sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX instrument with INTELLIFLEX software:

These specifications are for the above listed instruments and software. Luminex<sup>®</sup> instruments with other software (for example, MasterPlex<sup>®</sup>, StarStation, LiquiChip, Bio-Plex<sup>®</sup> Manager<sup>™</sup>, LABScan<sup>™</sup>100) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors for reading Luminex<sup>®</sup> magnetic beads.

For magnetic bead assays, each instrument must be calibrated and performance verified with the indicated calibration and verification kits.

Instrument	Calibration Kit	Verification Kit
Luminex <sup>®</sup> 200 <sup><math>m</math></sup> and HTS	xPONENT® 3.1 compatible Calibration Kit (Cat. No. LX2R-CAL-K25)	Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. LX2R-PVER-K25)
FLEXMAP 3D®	FLEXMAP 3D <sup>®</sup> Calibrator Kit (Cat. No. F3D-CAL-K25)	FLEXMAP 3D <sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. F3D-PVER-K25)
xMAP <sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX	xMAP <sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX Calibration Kit (Cat. No. IFX-CAL-K20)	xMAP <sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. IFX-PVER-K20)
MAGPIX®	MAGPIX <sup>®</sup> Calibration Kit (Cat. No. MPX-CAL-K25)	MAGPIX <sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (Cat. No. MPX-PVER-K25)

**NOTE:** When setting up a Protocol using the xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software, you must select MagPlex<sup>®</sup> as the Bead Type in the Acquisition settings.

**NOTE:** These assays cannot be run on any instruments using Luminex $^{\mbox{\tiny B}}$  IS 2.3 or Luminex $^{\mbox{\tiny B}}$  1.7 software.

The Luminex<sup>®</sup> probe height must be adjusted to the plate provided in the kit. Please use Cat. No. MAG-PLATE, if additional plates are required for this purpose.

Events Sample Size Gate Settings Reporter Gain Time Out	50, per bead 100 μL 8,000 to 15,000 Default (Iow PMT) 60 seconds	
Bead Set	Customizable 15-plex B	eads
	C-Peptide 2	12
	Ghrelin (active)	20
	GIP (total)	21
	GLP-1 (active)	22
	GLP-1 (total)	22
	IL-6	26
	Glucagon	33
	Insulin	37
	Leptin	38
	MCP-1/CCL2	56
	Secretin	57
	PP	62
	PYY	63
	Resistin	64
	TNFa	65
	Amylin (active)	78

## **Quality Controls**

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at our website <u>SigmaAldrich.com</u> using the catalogue number as the keyword.

### Assay Characteristics

### **Cross-Reactivity**

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, pg/mL)

Minimum Detectable Concentration (MinDC) is calculated using MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Analyst 5.1. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions.

Analyte	MinDC (pg/mL)	MinDC+2SD (pg/mL)
Amylin (active)	29.1	57.1
C-Peptide 2	44.7	93.5
Ghrelin (active)	4.3	9.4
GIP (total)	1.4	3.8
GLP-1 (active)	18.6	43.4
GLP-1 (total)	22.8	45.9
Glucagon	14.4	20.6
IL-6	8.1	17.2
Insulin	62.4	145.8
Leptin	48.0	103.3
MCP-1/CCL2	19.2	36.8
PP	6.1	12.3
РҮҮ	9.5	31.8
Resistin	91.8	202.0
Secretin	5.5	11.2
TNFa	0.5	1.3

### Precision

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from 8 reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes in a single assay. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's across two different concentrations of analytes across 8 different assays.

Analyte	Intra-assay %CV	Inter-assay %CV				
Amylin (active)	< 10	< 20				
C-Peptide 2	< 10	< 20				
Ghrelin (active)	< 10	< 20				
GIP (total)	< 10	< 20				
GLP-1 (active)	< 10	< 20				
GLP-1 (total)	< 10	< 20				
Glucagon	< 10	< 20				
IL-6	< 10	< 20				
Insulin	< 10	< 20				
Leptin	< 10	< 20				
MCP-1/CCL2	< 10	< 20				
PP	< 10	< 20				
РҮҮ	< 10	< 20				
Resistin	< 10	< 20				
Secretin	< 10	< 20				
TNFa	< 10	< 20				

### Accuracy

Spike Recovery: The data represent mean percent recovery of spiked standards ranging from low, medium, and high concentration in serum matrices (n = 6).

Analyte	<b>Recovery in Matrix</b>
Amylin (active)	96%
C-Peptide 2	100%
Ghrelin (active)	100%
GIP (total)	94%
GLP-1 (active)	88%
GLP-1 (total)	91%
Glucagon	91%
IL-6	101%
Insulin	98%
Leptin	108%
MCP-1/CCL2	100%
PP	97%
PYY	95%
Resistin	98%
Secretin	103%
TNFa	93%

## Troubleshooting

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution			
	Plate washer aspirate height set too low	Adjust aspiration height according to manufacturers' instructions.			
	Bead mix prepared inappropriately	Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to bead mix bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting this into the plate.			
	Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity	See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with alcohol flushes, back flushes and washes; or, if needed, probe should be removed and sonicated.			
Insufficient bead count	Probe height not adjusted correctly	When reading the assay on the Luminex <sup>®</sup> 200 <sup>™</sup> instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the MAGPIX <sup>®</sup> instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on the FLEXMAP 3D <sup>®</sup> instrument, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc. For the FLEXMAP 3D <sup>®</sup> instrument, when using the solid plate in the kit the final resuspension should be wit 150 µL Sheath Fluid PLUS in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated. When reading the assay on the xMAP <sup>®</sup> INTELLIFLEX instrument, adjust probe height based on the type of plate you are using, place ar alignment disk or an alignment sphere in the well according to the protocol recommended by Luminex <sup>®</sup>			
Destaurant	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately and pipetting with multichannel pipettes without touching reagent in plate.			
Background is too high	Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference	Check matrix ingredients for cross-reacting components (for example, interleukin modified tissue culture medium).			
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.			

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution		
	Luminex <sup>®</sup> instrument not calibrated correctly or recently	Calibrate Luminex <sup>®</sup> instrument based on manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by > 3 °C.		
	Gate settings not adjusted correctly	Some Luminex <sup>®</sup> instruments (for example, Bio-Plex <sup>®</sup> ) require different gate settings than those described in the kit protocol. Use instrument default settings.		
Beads not in region	Wrong bead regions in protocol template	Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.		
or gate	Incorrect sample type used	Samples containing organic solvents or if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.		
	Instrument not washed or primed	Prime the Luminex <sup>®</sup> instrument 4 times to rid it of air bubbles, wash 4 times with sheath fluid or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.		
	Beads were exposed to light	Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.		
Signal for	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue.		
whole plate is same as background	Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin was not added	Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been removed, sensitivity may be low.		
Low signal for standard	Detection Antibody may have been removed prior to adding Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity not achieved.		
Curve	Incubations done at inappropriate temperatures, timings or agitation	Assay conditions need to be checked.		
Signals too high, standard curves are saturated	Calibration target value set too high	With some Luminex <sup>®</sup> instruments (for example, Bio-Plex <sup>®</sup> ) default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at high PMT. Use low target value for calibration and reanalyze plate.		
	Plate incubation was too long with standard curve and samples	Use shorter incubation time.		

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution				
	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of analyte	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to use higher sample volume. Check with technical support for appropriate protocol modifications.				
Sample readings are out of range	Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than highest standard point	Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for just that particular analyte.				
	Standard curve was saturated at higher end of curve	See above.				
	Multichannel pipette may not be calibrated	Calibrate pipettes.				
	Plate washing was not uniform	Confirm all reagents are removed completely in all wash steps.				
	Samples may have high particulate matter or other interfering substances	See above.				
High variation in samples and/or standards	Plate agitation was insufficient	Plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using an orbital plate shaker at a speed where beads are in constant motion without causing splashing.				
	Cross-well contamination	Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent has touched sealer. Care should be taken when using same pipette tips that are used for reagent additions and that pipette tip does not touch reagent in plate.				

### FOR FILTER PLATES ONLY

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution				
Filter plate	Vacuum pressure is insufficient	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.				
Filter plate will not vacuum	Samples have insoluble particles	Centrifuge samples just prior to assay set-up and use supernatant.				
	High lipid concentration	After centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.				
	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (blocked) plate and continue.				
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.				
Plate leaked	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.				
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of plate.				
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.				
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.				

## **Product Ordering**

Replacement Reagents	Cat. No.			
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel Standard	MMHE-8044			
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Panel Quality Controls 1 and 2	MMHE-6044			
Serum Matrix	MMHE-SM			
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Detection Antibodies 1	MMHE1-1044			
Mouse Metabolic Hormone Expanded Detection Antibodies 2	MMHE2-1044			
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE12			
Bead Diluent	MMHE-BD			
Assay Buffer	LE-ABGLP3			
Set of two 96-Well plates with sealers	MAG-PLATE			
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB			

### Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads

Analyte	Bead No.	Cat. No.
C-Peptide 2	12	RMCP2-MAG
Ghrelin (active)	20	HGRLN-MAG
GIP (total)	21	HGIP-MAG
GLP-1 (active)	22	ACTGLP1-MAG
GLP-1 (total)	22	HMEGLP1-MAG
IL-6	26	MIL6-MAG
Glucagon	33	MMGLU-MAG
Insulin	37	RMINS-MAG
Leptin	38	RMLPTN-MAG
MCP-1/CCL2	56	RMMCP1-MAG
Secretin	57	MMSCT-MAG
PP	62	RMPP-MAG
РҮҮ	63	RMPYY-MAG
Resistin	64	MRES-MAG
TNFa	65	MMTNFA-MAG
Amylin (active)	78	HAMLNA-MAG

## Well Map

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	0 pg/mL Standard Background	Standard 4	QC-1 Control	Etc.								
В	0 pg/mL Standard Background	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
С	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
E	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
Н	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									

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### **Contact Information**

For the location of the office nearest you, go to SigmaAldrich.com/offices.

#### Technical Assistance

Visit the tech service page at SigmaAldrich.com/techservice.

#### Standard Warranty

The applicable warranty for the products listed in this publication may be found at <u>SigmaAldrich.com/terms</u>.

### Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

Safety Data Sheets are available on the product page at SigmaAldrich.com.

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