

85580/85578 Spermidine trihydrochloride

CAS Number: 334-50-9

Product Description:

Molecular Formula: $C_7H_{19}N_3 \cdot 3HCI$ Molecular Weight: 254.6 g/mol mp: 257-259 °C

Is soluble in water (100 mg/ml), yielding a clear, colorless solution.

Spermidine trihydrochloride is hygroscopic.

Store at room temperature

Spermidine is biogenic polyamine formed from putrescine, a precursor of spermine. It was first detected in human sperm, but occurs widely in nature. It is essential in both normal and neoplastic tissue growth.¹

Spermidine has a role in cell growth processes^{2,3} and the formation and interconversion of spermidine in mammalian cells has been reported.⁴

It has been studied in the regulation of tRNA methyltransferase activity 5 and stimulates T4 polynucleotide kinase activity. 6

Applications:

Spermidine trihydrochloride has been used as a buffer component for chromosome isolation in bivariate flow cytogenetic analysis and sorting.⁸

Used for the purification of human Rad51 protein by selective spermidine precipitation¹¹ and can be used in extraction as a buffer component.¹⁰

Inhibits the nitric oxide synthase.9

References:

- 1. The Merck Index, 11th ed., Entry# 8698.
- 2. Janne, J., et al., Polyamines in Rapid Growth and Cancer. Biochim. Biophys. Acta, 473(3-4), 241-293 (1978).
- 3. Porter, C. W., and Bergeron, R. J., Spermidine Requirement for Cell Proliferation in Eukaryotic Cells: Structural Specificity and Quantitation. Science, 219(4588), 1083-1085 (1983).
- 4. Pegg, A. E., et al., Formation and Interconversion of Putrescine and Spermidine in Mammalian Cells.
- 5. Adv. Enzyme Regul., 19, 427-451 (1980).
- 6. Mach, M., et al., Regulation of tRNA Methyltransferase Activities by Spermidine and Putrescine. Inhibition of Polyamine Synthesis and tRNA Methylation by Alpha-methylornithine or 1,3-diaminopropan-2-ol in Dictyostelium. Biochem. J., 202(1), 153-162 (1982).
- 7. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 3rd ed., Sambrook, J. F., et al., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (Cold Spring Harbor, NY: 2001), p. A.435.
- 8. Cram, L.S., et al., Buffer component for chromosome isolation in bivariate flow cytogenetic analysis and sorting. Methods Cell Biol., 33, 377 (1990).
- 9. Hu, J., et al., Polyamines inhibit nitric oxide synthase in rat cerebellum. Neurosci. Lett. 175, 41-45 (1994)



- 10. Cull, M., and McHenry, C.S., Preparation of extracts from prokaryotes Meth. Enzymol. 182, 147-153 (1990)
- 11. Baumann P, et al., Purification of human Rad51 protein by selective spermidine precipitation Mutat. Res. 384, 65-72 (1997)

Precautions and Disclaimer:

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

The vibrant M and Sigma-Aldrich are trademarks of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany or its affiliates. Detailed information on trademarks is available via publicly accessible resources. © 2018 Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany and/or its affiliates. All Rights Reserved.

The life science business of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada.

