

## **ProductInformation**

# Leptomycin A from Streptomyces sp

Product Number **L6417** Storage Temperature –20 °C

CAS RN 87081-36-5

Synonyms: 19-(3,6-Dihydro-3-methyl-6-oxo-2Hpyran-2-yl)-3,5,7,9,11,15,17-heptamethyl-6-hydroxy-8-oxo, 2,10,12,16,18-Nonadecapentaenoic acid; Jildamycin

### **Product Description**

Molecular Weight: 526.7 Molecular formula: C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>6</sub>

Leptomycins are antifungal antibiotics with unique unsaturated, branched-chain fatty acid structures. The physiochemical and biological properties of Leptomycins A and B are very similar. Both are considered to be specific inhibitors of nuclear export. The suggested inhibition mechanism involves the direct binding of leptomycins to CRM1 (Exportin-1), which is the main nuclear export protein. This blocks the binding of CRM1 to proteins containing a nuclear export signal (NES), and thus prevents their export from the nucleus. Although more research on nuclear export inhibition has been performed using Leptomycin B, it has been shown that Leptomycin A has similar effects and can induce, for example, nuclear accumulation of wild-type ERK5.

Leptomycin A is also active against Schizosaccharomyces pombe and Mucor rouxianus with minimal inhibitory concentrations (MIC) of 0.1 and 0.4 µg/ml, respectively.<sup>2</sup>

## Components

Leptomycin A is supplied as a  $\sim$ 5  $\mu g/ml$  solution in 70% methanol.

Purity: >95% (HPLC)

#### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

## Storage/Stability

The product, as supplied, is stable for 2 years, if stored protected from light at -20 °C.

#### References

- 1. Hamamoto, T., *et al.*, J. Antibiot., **38**, 533-535 (1985).
- 2. Hamamoto, T., *et al.*, J. Antibiot., **36**, 639-645 (1983).
- 3. Nishi, K., *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., **269**, 6320-6324 (1994).
- 4. Henderson, B.R., and Eleftheriou, A., Exp. Cell Res., **256**, 213-224 (2000).
- Buschbeck, M., and Ullrich, A., J. Biol. Chem., 280, 2659-2667 (2005).

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