3050 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103 USA
Tel: (800) 521-8956 (314) 771-5765 Fax: (800) 325-5052 (314) 771-5757
email: techservice@sial.com sigma-aldrich.com

Product Information

Anti-P2X₄ Purinergic Receptor

produced in rabbit, affinity isolated antibody

Catalog Number P8107

Product Description

Anti-P2X₄ Purinergic Receptor is produced in rabbit using as immunogen peptide (C)KKYK YVEDY EQGLS GEMNQ corresponding to amino acid residues 370-388 of rat P2X4.¹⁻⁴ The antibody is affinity isolated using peptide-agarose.

Anti-P2X₄ Purinergic Receptor recognizes rat P2X4 purinergic receptor by immunoblotting. The antibody may also be used for immunohistochemistry.⁵

ATP exerts its neuromodulatory effects via activation of purinergic receptors. Currently, 14 purinergic receptors are known and can be split into two classes: P2X and P2Y, with each class containing seven members. The P2X receptor subunits (P2X1-P2X7) can form either homomultimers or heteromultimers which then act as ligand-gated cation channels. P2X receptors are differentially distributed throughout the adrenal gland, heart and CNS. 8,9,10

In the CNS, P2X receptors are involved in sensory transmission, sensory-motor integration, motor and autonomic control and overall CNS homeostasis. 10 Further, P2X receptors are implicated in modulating cortical plasticity, such as hippocampal plasticity. 11 Recent evidence suggests that P2X receptors in the spinal cord, facilitate GABA release and may be important in processing nociceptive information. 12 Peripherally, P2X receptors modulate processes involved in the physiological turnover of squamous epithelial cells 13 and also modulate osteoclasts to stimulate bone resorption. 14

The P2X receptors in spinal cord may be implicated in the induction or mediation of prolonged persistent pain. ¹⁵ Further, there may be a fine balance between function and disease with P2X modulation of cellular proliferation and apoptosis. ^{16,17}

Researchers have learned much about the structure and function of these purinergic receptors. However, much remains to be determined about their precise cellular localization, *in vivo* physiological roles, roles in disease states and possible routes to modulate their structure/function to ameliorate effects of disease.

Reagent

Supplied lyophilized. After reconstitution, antibody is in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, containing 1% bovine serum albumin and 0.05% sodium azide.

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

Reconstitute the lyophilized vial with 0.05 ml or 0.2 ml deionized water, depending on the package size. Antibody dilutions should be made in buffer containing 1-3% bovine serum albumin.

Storage/Stability

Prior to reconstitution, store at –20 °C. After reconstitution, the stock antibody solution may be stored at 2-8 °C. for up to one month. For extended storage, freeze in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing, or storage in "frost-free" freezers, is not recommended. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use. Working dilution samples should be discarded if not used within 12 hours.

Product Profile

Immunoblotting: a recommended working dilution of 1:200-1:300 using rat brain lysate.

Immunohistochemistry: suitable, using rat brain sections.

Note: In order to obtain best results and assay sensitivities of different techniques and preparations, we recommend determining optimal working dilutions by titration test.

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