

## Product Information

### Anti-Fibroblast Growth Factor-Acidic

produced in rabbit, IgG fraction of antiserum

Catalog Number **F5521**

#### Product Description

The antiserum is produced in rabbit using highly purified native bovine acidic fibroblast growth factor (aFGF) as the immunogen. The antibody is purified by protein A affinity chromatography.

Fibroblast Growth Factor-Acidic (aFGF) is a potent mitogenic agent for a wide variety of mesoderm-derived cells including BALB/c 3T3 fibroblasts, capillary and endocardial endothelial cells, myoblasts, vascular smooth muscle cells, mesothelial cells, glial and astroglial cells, and adrenal cortex cells.<sup>1,2</sup> In cells not growth inhibited by heparin (such as baby hamster kidney cells), heparin potentiates the actions of aFGF, but in cells inhibited by heparin (such as bovine brain-derived capillary endothelial cells), no such potentiation is observed.<sup>3</sup> The closely related protein Fibroblast Growth Factor-Basic (bFGF) acts upon the same cellular receptors as aFGF but with different specific activities, depending on the cell type.<sup>4</sup> These two mitogens may play important roles *in vivo* in cell proliferation and differentiation associated with embryogenesis, tissue regeneration, CNS development, wound healing, angiogenesis, and tumor progression.<sup>2</sup> Although bFGF has been found in a variety of organs, aFGF has been found only in brain, hypothalamus and retina. Fibroblast Growth Factor-Acidic has numerous synonyms, including: heparin-binding growth factor (class I or alpha), retina-derived growth factor and astroglial growth factor I.<sup>5</sup>

#### Reagent

Supplied lyophilized from 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% trehalose; 1 mg/vial.

#### Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

#### Reconstitution Instructions

To one vial of lyophilized powder, add 1 ml of 0.2 µm-filtered PBS to produce a 1 mg/ml stock solution. If aseptic technique is used, no further filtration should be needed for use in cell culture environments.

#### Storage

Prior to reconstitution store at -20 °C. Reconstituted product may be stored at 2-8 °C for up to one month. For prolonged storage, freeze in working aliquots at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

#### Product Profile

Anti-Fibroblast Growth Factor-Acidic is tested for its ability to neutralize the biological activity of aFGF on NR6R-3T3 cells.

The ND<sub>50</sub> of the antibody is defined as the concentration of antibody resulting in a one-half maximal inhibition of bioactivity of aFGF which is present at a concentration just high enough to elicit a maximum response.

Bioactivity: ND<sub>50</sub> = 0.5-5.0 µg/ml

Indirect ELISA: 0.5-1 µg/ml antibody detects 0.6 ng/well of human or bovine aFGF.

Indirect Immunoblotting: 1- 2 µg/ml antibody detects 20-25 ng aFGF/lane under non-reducing conditions and 5 ng aFGF/lane under reducing conditions.

Endotoxin:< 0.1 EU/µg of antibody

#### References

1. Gospodarowicz, D., and Moran, J., *J. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, **71**, 4648 (1974).
2. Gospodarowicz, D., et al., *Endocrine Rev.*, **8**, 95 (1987).
3. Gospodarowicz, D. and Cheng, J., *J. Cell Physiol.*, **128**, 475 (1986).

4. Neufeld, G. and Gospodarowicz, D., J. Biol. Chem., **261**, 5631 (1986).

5. Lobb, R., et al., Anal. Biochem., **154**, 1 (1986) .

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