

Product Information

SIGMAFAST™ BCIP®/NBT tablet

Catalog Number **B5655**

Storage Temperature $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Product Description

SIGMAFAST™ BCIP®/NBT (5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate/nitro blue tetrazolium) tablets have been developed for use in immunochemistry as an insoluble substrate for the detection of alkaline phosphatase. Common uses are in Western blotting or dot blotting, and to a lesser extent in immunohistology.

SIGMAFAST BCIP/NBT tablets require no additional buffers or steps to prepare an active substrate solution. One tablet, dissolved in 10 ml of water, provides 10 ml of ready-to-use buffered substrate solution. The substrate solution contains BCIP (0.15 mg/ml), NBT (0.30 mg/ml), Tris buffer (100 mM), and MgCl_2 (5 mM), pH 9.25–9.75.

Precautions and Disclaimer

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Preparation Instructions

Remove the tablet package from the freezer and allow it to warm to room temperature. Open the foil pack and drop the SIGMAFAST BCIP/NBT tablet into an appropriate container. **Do not touch the tablet with your fingers.** Add 10 ml of water and vortex until dissolved (2–5 minutes). The SIGMAFAST BCIP/NBT Substrate Solution is now ready for use. For best results, the Substrate Solution should be used within one hour.

Storage/Stability

Store the tablets at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Procedure

1. Pour the SIGMAFAST BCIP/NBT Substrate Solution into a suitable container and lay the nitrocellulose paper in the solution. Make sure the paper is completely covered with the Substrate Solution.

2. Remove the nitrocellulose paper when sufficient color has developed (5–10 minutes). Rinse in water. Although several blots can be developed in this manner, the potential for carryover from blot to blot does exist and should be evaluated carefully.
3. Blots stained with SIGMAFAST BCIP/NBT Substrate Solution may be dried and stored away from light for future reference.

Troubleshooting

Background is too high

- Use a blocking step prior to the application of the primary antibody. Normal serum (10% v/v) from the same species as the second antibody generally produces the best results.
- Additional blocking agents for immunoblotting are 10% BSA, 0.05% TWEEN® 20, or 3% nonfat-dried milk. Do not use milk as a blocking agent when using avidin-biotin systems.
- Decrease staining time.
- Titer the conjugate to optimize working dilution.

No color develops or color is too faint

- Adjust the concentration of the primary antibody.
- Adjust the concentration of the secondary antibody.
- Determine if the enzyme conjugate is active.
- Consider using an amplifying system such as avidin-biotin.
- Increase the staining time.
- Adjust the transfer time of the samples to the nitrocellulose membrane.
- Increase the amount of sample.

References

1. Blake, M., Anal. Biochem., **136**, 175 (1984).
2. Horowitz, J., et al., J. Med. Chem., **9**, 447 (1966).

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