

For life science research only.
Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement

 **Version: 20**

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Cat. No. 11 088 947 001 100 ml

Store product at –15 to –25°C.

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1. General Information

1.1. Contents

Vial / Bottle	Label	Function / Description	Content
1	BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement, 10x conc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solution, containing 15% FCS (fetal calf serum) (v/v), 1 mM oxalacetate, 1 mM sodium pyruvate, 0.2 µg/ml insulin, 1 ng/ml hIL-6, 10 ng/ml PMA, and phenol red. Filtered through 0.2 µm pore size membrane in RPMI 1640. 	1 bottle, 100 ml

1.2. Storage and Stability

Storage Conditions (Product)

When stored at –15 to –25°C, the product is stable through the expiration date printed on the label.

Vial / Bottle	Label	Storage
1	BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement, 10x conc.	Store in aliquots at –15 to –25°C. ⚠ Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

1.3. Additional Equipment and Reagent required

For fusion of cells

- Culture medium: Basal medium, such as RPMI 1640 without supplements
- Polyethylene Glycol, such as PEG 1500*
- Fetal calf serum for the resuspension of the cells
- DMSO

For selection to avoid the use of feeder cells

Serum concentration	Selection media formulation
High-serum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640 10% FCS (v/v) 1x HAT Medium Supplement 10% BM Condimed⁽¹⁾ H1 (v/v) 2 mM L-glutamine 24 µM 2-mercaptoethanol
Low-serum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640 1x Hybridoma Fusion and Cloning Supplement (HFCS) 1x HAT Medium Supplement 2 mM L-glutamine 24 µM 2-mercaptoethanol
Serum-free	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640 1x Nutridoma-CS⁽²⁾* 1x HAT Medium Supplement 2 mM L-glutamine 24 µM 2-mercaptoethanol

⁽¹⁾ BM Condimed H1 is a supplement for high serum-containing media formulations enhancing the cloning efficiency.

⁽²⁾ Nutridoma-CS is a supplement for serum-free medium formulations enhancing the cloning efficiency.

1. General Information

⚠ Each medium formulation may contain additional supplements, such as non-essential amino acids and antibiotics, according to individual requirements.

i The concentration of aminopterin in HAT Medium can be gradually reduced with the use of the separate concentrated reagents, for example, HT medium supplement and aminopterin, (250x). In this way, aminopterin can be diluted out.

For screening and characterization

- Determination of antibody subtype: IsoStrip Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Isotyping Kit*
- Determination of antibody concentrations using cell culture supernatants: Mouse-IgG ELISA*

For cloning of antibody-producing cells

The media formulations used are the same as for the selection procedure, however, without the presence of HAT- or HT-medium supplement after the selection has been terminated.

For growing of antibody-producing hybridomas

For high serum-containing cell cultures, hybridomas can be grown in any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640 with 5 to 10% FCS (v/v) and additional supplements, such as

- Antibiotics
- L-glutamine
- 2-mercaptoethanol
- Sodium pyruvate
- Non-essential amino acids

For the serum-free culture of antibody-producing hybridomas, choose a Nutridoma preparation according to the hybridoma parent cell line, for example, the myeloma cell line that was used for the fusion, such as Nutridoma-SP* for SP 2/0-derived hybridomas.

1.4. Application

BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement is specifically formulated for cultivation of freshly fused hybridoma cells and to optimize growth of B-cell hybridomas during selection and cloning procedures in high-serum culture media.

- It is added as a supplement (10%, v/v) to normal culture medium (basal medium, such as RPMI 1640, DMEM, IMDM) that also contains 10 to 20% FCS. Such a medium can support the growth of B-cell hybridomas, both after fusion and during cloning.
- The unique composition of BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement makes feeder cells unnecessary.

⚠ Do not use BM Condimed H1 supplement at higher concentrations, as a basal medium, or as a replacement for serum.

2. How to Use this Product

2.1. Before you Begin

General Considerations

Replace feeder cells with BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement

Feeder layer cells from various sources, such as thymocytes, peritoneal macrophages, splenocytes, and irradiated fibroblasts, are widely used to improve the growth of hybridoma cells, both after fusion and during limiting dilution cloning.

There are several major disadvantages of feeder cells:

- Deplete media of nutrients required by growing hybridomas.
- Occasionally overgrow and kill newly formed hybridomas.
- Represent a possible source of contamination.

BM Condimed H1 supplement eliminates the need for feeder cells and produces more clones after fusion than media containing peritoneal macrophages as feeder cells.

i *Certain extracts and conditioned media from various sources, such as endothelial cell growth supplement (ECGS), human endothelial culture supernatant (HECS), and conditioned media from various cell lines, can replace feeder cells during the critical stages of hybridoma production. Experiments have shown that media supplemented with BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement produces more clones after fusion than media containing HECS.*

Media formulations for the culture of mouse-derived hybridomas

Step	Media		
	High-serum ⁽¹⁾	Low-serum ⁽¹⁾	Serum-free ⁽¹⁾
Fusion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ FCS for resuspension of cells after fusion. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. 	
Freezing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ FCS containing 10% DMSO (v/v). 		
Selection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ 10% FCS (v/v) ▪ 10% BM Condimed H1 (v/v) ▪ 1x HAT Medium Supplement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ 1% HFCS ▪ 1x HAT Medium Supplement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ 1x Nutridoma-CS supplement ▪ 1x HAT Medium Supplement
Screening	See Selection above.		
Cloning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ 10% FCS (v/v) ▪ 10% BM Condimed H1 (v/v) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ 1x HFCS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ 1x Nutridoma-CS supplement
Hybridoma culture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any basal medium, such as RPMI 1640. ▪ 10% FCS (v/v) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ RPMI 1640/DMEM (1:1) ▪ 10% FCS (v/v) ▪ 1x Nutridoma-CS supplement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ RPMI 1640/DMEM (1:1) ▪ 1% Nutridoma-SP supplement or Nutridoma-NS supplement.

⁽¹⁾ Each medium formulation may contain additional supplements, such as antibiotics, L-glutamine, 2-mercaptoethanol, sodium pyruvate, and non-essential amino acids.

2.2. Protocols

The following protocols describe the most important steps during the production of hybridomas and monoclonal antibodies from mouse after immunization: fusion, selection, screening, cloning, and hybridoma culture.

i See section, **General Considerations** for a listing of serum-containing and serum-free media for the culture of mouse-derived hybridomas.

Fusion of cells

! Use only myeloma cells that have been tested for the absence of mycoplasma, for example, using the *Mycoplasma PCR ELISA**, or *DAPI**. In addition, you should routinely test established hybridoma cell lines for mycoplasma infection. To eliminate mycoplasma infections, use the antibiotic combination *BM-Cyclin**.

- 1 In a conical tube, mix 1×10^8 mouse spleen cells (in 15 ml serum-free culture medium) with 2×10^8 mouse myeloma cells (in 35 ml serum-free culture medium).

- 2 Spin the cells down for 10 minutes at $300 \times g$.

- 3 Remove the supernatant with a Pasteur pipette.
! Remove the supernatant completely to avoid dilution of PEG.

- 4 Gently disrupt the pellet by tapping the bottom of the tube.
– Place the tube in a $+37^\circ\text{C}$ water bath and keep it there during the fusion.

- 5 Pre-warm 50% PEG 1500* (w/v) to $+37^\circ\text{C}$.
– Gradually add 1.5 ml pre-warmed 50% PEG 1500 drop-by-drop to the pellet over a period of 1 minute, while continually stirring the cells gently with the pipette tip.

- 6 Continue to stir the cells for 1 minute.

- 7 Pre-warm medium, such as RPMI 1640 or PBS to $+37^\circ\text{C}$.
– While gently swirling the tube, slowly add the pre-warmed medium or PBS at the rate indicated in the table:

Volume [ml]	Time [seconds]
1	>30 to 60
3	>30 to 60
16	>60 to 120

- 8 Immediately pellet the cells by centrifugation at $300 \times g$ for 10 minutes in an uncooled centrifuge.

- 9 Incubate the centrifuge tube for 5 minutes either at $+37^\circ\text{C}$ or at $+15$ to $+25^\circ\text{C}$.

- 10 Remove supernatant and gently resuspend the cells with a Pasteur pipette in 10 ml pure FCS.

- 11 To 10% (1 ml) of the cell suspension, add 4 to 8 ml selection medium, see section, **Selection**.
! This will prepare enough cell suspension for plating in 4 to 8, 24-well cloning plates.

- 12 Add 1 ml selection medium to each well of a cloning plate.
– To each well that contains selection medium, add one drop of the cell suspension.

13 Freeze the remaining cells in liquid nitrogen.

i If the cells were resuspended in FCS, add 10% DMSO (dimethylsulfoxide) (v/v) before freezing (approximately 1 ml cell suspension per ampule).

Selection of cells

i See section, **Additional Equipment and Reagent Required** for additional information.

After fusion, leave cells in selection medium for 7 to 14 days to select for hybridoma cells. Usually the cells must be fed 5 to 7 days after fusion.

Follow the protocol below for feeding:

1 Using suction, remove approximately 50% of the culture medium from each well.

2 Add 0.5 to 0.8 ml fresh selection medium to each well.

i During this selection period, use a phase contrast microscope to monitor the cells every two days to check for growth, contamination, and the success of the selection procedure. Once the cells have reached an appropriate cell density, in approximately 7 to 14 days, perform an initial screening step to eliminate non-producing hybridomas.

Screening and characterization

Screen hybridomas using the:

- IsoStrip Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Isotyping Kit*, or
- Mouse-IgG ELISA* (coating antibody, AP conjugate, POD conjugate).

i Detailed information about the screening procedure is given in the Instructions for Use of each of the products or can be taken from the relevant literature.

Cloning of antibody-producing cells

Once the selection procedure is successful and you have identified positive tissue culture supernatants by screening, the next step is to clone the antibody-producing cells. Single-cell cloning ensures that the antibody-producing cells are truly monoclonal and that the secretion of the antibody can be stably maintained.

There are several methods for single-cell cloning:

- Limiting dilution
- Growth in soft agar
- Flow cytometry

Single-cell cloning by limiting dilution

A protocol for single-cell cloning by limiting dilution is given below. Even though every attempt is made to ensure that the cells are in single-cell suspension prior to plating, there is no way to guarantee that the colonies do not arise from two cells that were stuck together. Therefore, perform limiting dilution cloning at least twice (re-cloning) to generate a clonal population.

Handling instructions

- If many hybridomas have to be cloned at the same time, it may be worthwhile to plate the dilutions by using a 10 ml or larger pipette. One drop from these pipettes will deliver approximately 100 µl.
- Clones will begin to appear in 4 days and should be ready to screen starting approximately days 7 to 10.
- Screens can be done from wells containing multiple clones as well as from wells containing only single clones.

i The hybridomas should be healthy and rapidly growing at the time of cloning.

1 Prepare four dilution tubes with medium (with the 3 media described in section, **Selection** without HAT or HT after selection has been terminated) for each cell to be cloned.
– Three tubes should have 2.7 ml and the fourth should have 3.0 ml.

2 Carefully resuspend the hybridomas.

3. Additional Information on this Product

- 3 Add 10 ml of the hybridoma cell suspension to the tube containing 3.0 ml of medium and mix.
 - Use the other 3 tubes to make serial 1:10 dilutions of the hybridomas.
 - Resuspend the hybridomas in each dilution.
-
- 4 Add 100 µl of each dilution into 24 of the wells of a 96-well tissue culture plate (24 wells/dilution; 4 dilutions/plate, that is, one hybridoma/plate).
 - i* If the cells from the highest dilution are plated first, then the pipette does not need to be changed during the plating.
-

Growing of antibody-producing hybridomas

- i* See section, **Additional Equipment and Reagent Required** for additional information.

By using Nutridoma-CS supplemented selection and cloning medium directly after fusion (which is performed serum-free in general), the entire procedure for the production of monoclonal antibodies in hybridomas can be done under serum-free conditions.

- During the permanent culture of hybridoma cells, a routine examination regarding qualitative and quantitative antibody production must be performed.
 - For qualitative assays, use the same reagents as for the screening/characterization procedure or a functional test. In addition, the subtype of a particular antibody can be easily determined by using the IsoStrip Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Isotyping Kit*.
 - For quantitative assays use, for example, the Mouse IgG-ELISA* determination of antibody concentrations in cell culture supernatants.
- i* Use *Hybridoma Fusion and Cloning Supplement** to culture hybridoma cells from species other than mouse (not tested).

2.3. Parameters

Working Concentration

Add BM Condimed H1 Hybridoma Cloning Supplement directly to the basal medium at a final concentration of 10%.

3. Additional Information on this Product

3.1. Test Principle

Preparation

This media supplement is prepared from the supernatant of a mouse thymoma cell line which has been stimulated with PMA. It contains a complex mixture of growth factors and cytokines that stimulate growth of hybridomas after fusion and during cloning.

3.2. Quality Control

Each lot is tested for its ability to promote the proliferation of freshly fused hybridoma cells.

4. Supplementary Information

4.1. Conventions

To make information consistent and easier to read, the following text conventions and symbols are used in this document to highlight important information:

Text convention and symbols

 *Information Note: Additional information about the current topic or procedure.*

 **Important Note: Information critical to the success of the current procedure or use of the product.**

① ② ③ etc. Stages in a process that usually occur in the order listed.

① ② ③ etc. Steps in a procedure that must be performed in the order listed.

* (Asterisk) The Asterisk denotes a product available from Roche Diagnostics.

4.2. Changes to previous version

Layout changes.

Editorial changes.

4.3. Ordering Information

Product	Pack Size	Cat. No.
Reagents, kits		
Polyethylene Glycol 1500	10 x 4 ml	10 783 641 001
BM-Cyclin	37.5 mg, for 2 x 2.5 l medium	10 799 050 001
Hybridoma Fusion and Cloning Supplement	10 ml, 50x conc.	11 363 735 001
DAPI	10 mg	10 236 276 001
Nutridoma-CS	10 ml, 50x conc.	11 363 743 001
Nutridoma-SP	100 ml, 100x conc.	11 011 375 001
IsoStrip Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Isotyping Kit	1 kit, 10 tests	11 493 027 001

4. Supplementary Information

4.4. Trademarks

All product names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

4.5. License Disclaimer

For patent license limitations for individual products please refer to:

List of biochemical reagent products.

4.6. Regulatory Disclaimer

For life science research only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

4.7. Safety Data Sheet

Please follow the instructions in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

4.8. Contact and Support

To ask questions, solve problems, suggest enhancements or report new applications, please visit our **Online Technical Support Site.**

To call, write, fax, or email us, visit **sigma-aldrich.com**, and select your home country. Country-specific contact information will be displayed.

